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Review Article

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A REVIEW ON THERAPEUTIC POTENTIAL OF TRIPHALA MASHI IN KESA VIKARA W.S.R TO INDRALUPTA

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Abstract

Ayurveda has described diseases related to hair (kesa vikaras) under Sirorogas and kshudra rogas such as Khalitya, Palitya, Indralupta etc. Indralupta is a specific condition characterized by hair loss in the form of bald patches in some scalp areas by the vitiation of Tridosha and rakta dhatu. Alopecia areata is an autoimmune disease mediated by T-lymphocytes directed against hair follicles. The clinical features described in the classics of Ayurveda for Indralupta and that of Alopecia areata mentioned in the modern science are almost identical. Hence Indralupta can be equated to Alopecia areata. The treatment for Alopecia areata mainly includes corticosteroids, topical immunotherapy and phototherapy. Ayurveda suggests surgical procedures like Siravyadha, Pracchanna, Lekhana and Jalaukavacharana in Indralupta. Large numbers of drugs for external application in the form of herbal, mineral and single drugs are also described. The advantage of mashi kalpana requires special attention as Hastidantamashi is mentioned in the context of Indralupta. Triphala mashi is one such preparation which has efficacy in the management of Indralupta as understood by reviewing classical literature and research works.

Key words: *Kesa vikara, Indralupta,* Alopecia areata, *Triphala mashi*

I. Introduction

Indralupta is included under Kapalagata roga (diseases of scalp) by Acharya Vagbhata and mentioned Khalati (hair fall) as its after effect. [1] Acharya Susruta included Indralupta under Kshudra roga (minorailments). [2] Vitiated Pitta accompanied by Vata gets lodged at romakupa (hair follicles) and destructs it. Later, vitiated rakta and kapha cause obstruction resulting in inhibition of hair growth. The treatment of Indralupta involves blood-letting through avagadha pracchanna (deep pricking) that helps to eliminate localized vitiated blood. This should be followed by application of paste of teekshna veerya yukta dravyas like kaseesa (Green vitriol), manohva (Ruby sulphur), gunjamula (root of Abrus precatorius), gunjaphala (fruit of Abrus precatorius), langalikamula (root of Gloriosa superba), bhallataka rasa (juice of Semecarpus anacardium) etc. Hastidantamashi prepared out of elephant's tusksis having special indication in Indralupta. [1]

II. Materials and Methods

Thorough analysis of classical literatures detailing *sirorogas* and *kshudrarogas* and by assessing articles published on this concept.

III. Alopecia areata

Indralupta can be correlated to Alopecia areata characterized by hair loss secondary to an auto-immune disorder that targets hair follicle bulb. A lymphocytic infiltration of hair follicle can be found in pathophysiology of Alopecia areata. Lymphocytes release pro-inflammatory cytokines and chemokines that reject the hair. The factors like infection, trauma, hormonal changes, emotional and physical stressors can trigger the hair loss.^[3]



Alopecia areata

IV. Mashi kalpana (Carbonated ash)

According to Acharya Susruta, local application of *mashi* (carbonated ash) prepared from *twak* (skin), *roma* (body hair), *khura* (hoof), *sringa* (horn) and *asthi* (bones) mixed with *taila* helps to regenerate hair growth. It is emphasized that application of *Hasthidantamashi* prepared out of elephants teeth mixed with *mutra* and *rasanjana* is capable of hair regrowth even on palms. It is can even be mixed with tila taila. *Triphala mashi* (carbonated ash of three myrobalans) mixed with equal parts of honey quickly heals wound in *upadamsa* (veneral disease). *Triphala mashi* is suitable for dental care as well as for blood purification. [4]

V. Preparation of Triphala Mashi

Equal parts of *Amalaki* (Phyllanthus emblica), *Hareetaki* (Terminalia chebula) and *Vibheetaki* (Terminalia bellerica) fruit rind are taken in a *sarava* (mud plate). It is then covered by another *sarava* kept upside down. The edges of both *sarava* are sticked together with a cloth smeared with sufficient clay to form *saravasamputa*. It is then subjected to *laghuputa*. Later it is allowed to cool by itself. Later the *saravasamputa* is opened and the black material obtained is subjected to powdering in a *khalva yantra* (mortar & pestle) and the powder is filtered using a clean cloth. The powder obtained through this procedure is called *Triphala mashi* (carbonated ash of three myrobalans) and it should be stored in a closed glass container.^[4]

VI. Indications of Triphala in Kesa vikaras

Triphala (three myrobalans) is indicated for krishneekarana (to make hair black). In Rasaratnasamuchaya, triphala is included under Krishna varga. Triphala, Nilinipatra (Indigofera tinctoria), Louha (Iron) and Bringaraja (Eclipta alba) taken in equal parts mixed with urine of sheep can be applied externally for kesaranjana (artificial colouring of hair). Hareetaki (Terminalia chebula) is beneficial for Sirorogas (diseases of head) and in conditions caused by aggravated Kapha and Vata. According to Bhaishajya Ratnavali, external application of paste prepared from Amalaki (Phyllanthes emblica) and Amraphalamajja (Manjifera indica) with jala promotes growth and stability to hair. Vibheetaki (Terminalia bellerica) has been assigned kesya (beneficial to hair)

property by *Acharya Vagbhata*.^[9] External application of *Triphala churna* (powder of three myrobalans) over the affected areas is useful as it possess *rukshana* (dryness) properties that can correct *Kapha* and *Pitta*.^[10,11] Various *lepas* (paste) prepared of *Triphala* (three myrobalans) are especially indicated in *palitya* (greying of hair).^[12]

VII. Yogas containing triphala in Kesa vikaras [13]

Yoga	Roga
Ankolabeeja taila	Indralupta, Palita, Kesaroga, Kesapeeta
Ketakyadi taila	Indralupta, Darunaka, Kesakshaya vikara, Kesa krishneekarana, Akala vali palita
Lohadi yoga	Palita, Kesa krishneekarana
Brhat Bringaraja taila	Palita, Khalitya, Kesa krishneekarana
Talakeswara rasa	Indralupta
Chandanadya taila	Kesa vikara
Mahaneela taila	Kesa vikara
Trayushnadi gulika	Palita, Siroroga

VIII. Discussion- Use of Triphala Mashi in Indralupta

Alopecia areata is initially manifested as bald patch or thinning of hair. A burning sensationor prickly discomfort can also be found at affected areas. Later, it is presented as patchy, well-defined or diffuse hair loss without evidence of inflammation. It can affect any hair bearing area including the scalp, eye brows, eye lashes and beard. Re-growing hairs are often depigmented.

The initial stage of Alopecia areata characterized by thinning and loss of hair can be attributed to *ruksha guna* of *vayu*. The burning sensations can be attributed to vitiated *pitta dosha*. The later stage characterized by hindering of hair growth can be associated to accumulation of *kapha* and *rakta* in the channels. That is why, an initial blood-letting

via *pracchanna* greatly results in opening of channels and eliminate all vitiated *doshas*.

Triphala can remove the obstruction of channels in hair follicles by its *kaphahara* and *raktasudhikara* (purifies blood) property. It also has potential to remove *twakgata kleda*. *Triphala* is thus effective in removing the lymphocytic infiltration at hair follicles. [10]

Since *triphala* and *triphala mashi* possess antimicrobial activity, it can reduce hair fall triggered by infections.^[14] It has got adaptogenic activity which helps to overcome stressors. The antioxidant property of *triphala* helps for prevention of further damage of hair follicles.

[15]

A clinical case study, *triphala mashi* was used to rub over bald patches. This stimulated hair follicles by removing *srotorodha* (obstruction of channels) and improving peripheral blood circulation.

IX. Conclusion

In *Indralupta*, *Pitta* associated with vitiated *Vayu* causes too much of hair loss in bald patchesover scalp. The aggravated *Kapha* along with *rakta* obstructs *romakupa* (hair follicle) and prevents future regrowth of hairs. As hair plays an important role in physical appearance of a person, its loss can also affect the mental quality of individuals. Treatment of *Indralupta* includes localized blood-letting followed by application of *lepas*. *Mashi kalpana* has got special indications in *Indralupta*. *Triphala mashi* stimulates hair follicle, stops hair fall, strengthens hair roots and promote new hair growth. Therefore *Triphala mashi* is a potential medicine to be used in *Indralupta*.

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