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ReviewArticle

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GENERAL PRINCIPLES & THEORIES INVOLVED IN CLINICAL ASPECTS OF AGAD TANTRA: A REVIEW

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Abstract

Ayurveda believed in logical, scientific and holistic approaches of health management and in this regards Ayurveda emphasizes different theories related to the toxicology under the heading of Agad Tantra which mainly deals with study of poisons (Visa) and their treatment. Poisonous plants, venom of snake, spiders & scorpion, food poisoning, artificial poisoning and heavy metal poisoning, etc. mainly causes medical emergency which needs immediate attention to arrest fatal effect of poisons. Ayurvedic Samhitas described uses of Vishaghna (antitoxic) drugs for managing such types of poisonous conditions. These Ayurveda drug exerts anti-toxin action through various principles including Dravya prabhava, Guna prabhava and Dravya Guna prabhava. These drugs offer Raktashodhaka, Tridoshaghna, Hridya and Ojavardhaka effects thus helps in poisoning complications. Similarly Chaturvishanti Vishopkrama is Ayurveda concept utilizes to treat poisonous conditions.

Key-Words: Ayurveda, Agadatantra, Toxicology, Visha

INTRODUCTION

Ayurveda toxicology (*Agadtantra*) is branch of Ayurveda (*Astanga*) which works around various aspects of poisons like; identification of poison, assessment of poisoning symptoms and their treatment. *Agadatantra* involves study of animal poisoning induced by the bite of *Sarpa*, *Keeta*, *Lutaa* and *Musaka*, this branch also deals with *Shthavara* (inanimate) poisoning caused by chemical, gases and other reagents. Poisons are two types; *Akrutrima visha* and *Krutrima visha*, *Akrutrima visha* further subdivided into *Sthavara visha* and *Jangama visha* as depicted in **Figure 1** based on their origin.

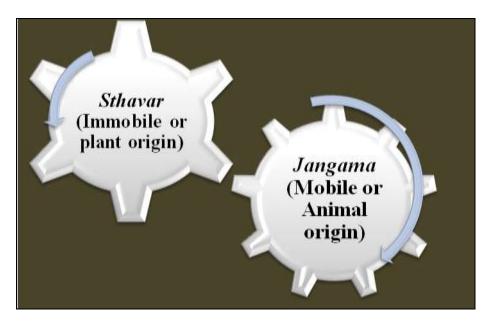


Figure 1: Types of *Visha* based on their origin.

Agad Tantra focuses on Virudha Ahar, Gara Visha and Dooshi Visha. Virudha Ahar described harmful effects associated with incompatible food, Gara Visha resembles concocted poison and Dooshi Visha resembles latent poison. These all can cause many harmful effects inside the body including; cardiovascular disorders, cancer, neurological problems, renal failure, skin diseases and disorders of digestive system, etc. Agad Tantra suggested many therapies for the management of such conditions like; Nirvishikarana which involves detoxification measures (Shodhana Chikitsa), Raktashodhana (blood purification technique), Hridya (therapy to restore cardio action), Ojavardhana (rejuvenation therapy) and Tridoshaghnata (approaches to

establish equilibrium in body humors). These methods along with antitoxic formulations help to control fatal effects of poisons.

The ayurveda therapies in case of poisoning symptoms offer following beneficial effects on various systems affected by poisons:

- 🖊 Hrudayuttejit & Shothnashan effects on Swasansanshtan
- ♣ Mutrajanan effects on Mutravah Sansthan
- **♣** Bhedan Krumighna effects on Pachanvah Sansthan
- ♣ Medhya & Balya effects on Nadisansthan
- **♣** Swedjanam & Kushtagnha effects on Twaka

Gara visha is concocted poison, as discussed earlier *Akrutrima visha* are two types; *Sthavara visha* and *Jangama visha* while *Krutrima visha* is considered as *Garavisha* which means artificial poison. *Gara visha* causes acute as well as chronic manifestation of poisoning like; *Shopha, Pandu, Udara, Unmada* and *Durnam,* etc. Generally not causes fatal manifestation due to their delayed assimilation inside the body. *Chakrapani* considered *Gara visha* as *Nirvisha Dravya* (nontoxic substances).

Dooshivisha means latent poison which not causes potent poisoning effects. When poison become less potent due under the influence of antitoxic substances, exposure to heat & sunlight and self degradation then such types of latent poison termed as *Dooshivisha*. These poisons not cause fatal effects due to diminish potency and may reside in the body for long time since enveloped by *Kapha*. The invasion of such poison may cause symptoms like; heaviness, sleepiness, yawning, temporary unconsciousness, irritation, discolored complexion, fainting, vomiting, stammering speech and loss of sense. *Dooshivisha* aggravates *Kapha* - *Vata* when accumulated in stomach and vitiates *Vata* - *Pitta* when accumulated in colon.

Chaturvishanti Vishopkrama means specific procedure to be adopted for poison treatment described in Agadtantra. Chaturvishanti Vishopkrama considers various aspects while treating poisoning symptoms. Mantra, Arishta, Utkartana, Nishpidana, Chooshana, Agni, Parisheka, Avagaaha, Raktamokshana, Vamana, Vireka, Upadhaana, Hŕdayaavarańa, Anjana, Nasya, Dhooma/ Dhoopa, Leha, Oushadha,

Prasamana, Pratisaarana, Prativisha, Samjnasamsthapana, Lepa and Mritasanjeevana are critical aspects and procedures of Chaturvishanti Vishopkrama.

MANAGEMENT OF SPECIFIC POISONS AS PER AYURVEDA:

Sthavara visha

Sthavara visha means poison originated from plant it causes symptoms like; pain, delusion, yawning, delirium, vomiting, burning sensation, flatulence, roughness, fainting, hiccup, tingling of the teeth and rigidity, etc., following treatment options can be recommended:

- ♣ Decoction of Kosataki, Agnika, Amrita, Abhaya, Patha, Suryavalli, Selu, Sirisha, Trikatu, Brihati, Bala, Sariva, Kinhi, Haridra, Punarnava.
- ♣ Sanjivan Agada, Mritajivana Agad, Yapana Agada, Dasanga Agada, Brahma Agada and Sivakrita Agada

Visa Justa Anna

Visa Justa Anna means poisoned food, it leads symptoms like; fainting, vomiting, loss of taste, diarrhea, emaciation and abdominal cramps. *Vamana* and purgation along with *Jivan Agada* and *Dusi Visari Agada* can be suggested for such types of condition.

Visa Justa Jala

Visa Justa Jala means poisoned water causes mouth irritation, bad smell, gastric disturbances and burning sensation. *Sigravadi Agada* and *Guduchi* can be recommending along with detoxification measures.

Sarpa Dhamsa

Sarpa Dhamsa means snake bite, the poison of snake causes severe fatal manifestation including blue colouration of face, nails and eye, dryness, problem in speech, rigidness, unconsciousness and excessive salivation. Root of Sinduvaraka with honey, Pakala with honey, Manjisth and Grahadhuma, Kanini, Girikarnika and Matulanga, collyrium as nasal medication, etc. are beneficial in case of Sarpa Dhamsa.

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Alarka Visa

Alarka Visa means poison of rabid dog, causes sleepy unconscious and oozing of black

coloured blood form affected area, pain in heart, pain in head, rigidity, fainting and

thirst. Fear to touch and sound of water along with other mental symptoms. Juice of

Apamarga flowers offers benefits when squeezed on affected site, roots of Nala,

Dhurdhuraka fruit, *Virechana* drugs with *Arka* milk also suggested.

Vrischika Damsa

Vrischika Damsa means scorpion bite, cause swelling of tongue, rigidity, pain, vomiting,

and loss of sense, fainting, mouth dryness, anxiety and unconsciousness. The ayurveda

recommended fomentation with Rajani, Sandhava and Vyosa flowers, Vidarigraham

taila for bathing purpose, Shirish fruits, Palash seeds, Arka milk and tooth of camel with

Saivala to destroys poison of scorpion.

Luta Visa

Luta Visa means spider bite which causes pain, ripening, burning sensation, exudation,

edema and sloughing, etc. Ayurveda suggested uses of Agnikarma with Jambavostha,

bloodletting, Bodhi paste, Collyrium, Vyosa, Haridra and Bilva roots offers benefits with

goat's urine.

Musika Visa

Musika Visa means rat bite causes tumours, rashes, swellings, reddish patches and

fever. The management of this condition can be done using paste of *Agradhuma*, *Rajani*,

Saindhav and Manjishtha. Decoction of Madan Phala and Ghee of Tanduliyaka also

suggested.

CONCLUSION

The concept and theory of Agadatantra described in Astanga Samgraha and these

principles of Agadatantra helps in understanding poisoning manifestation and

management of various poisoning conditions. The knowledge of poison is very

essential since many deaths still reported due to the poisons world widely. *Visha* when

enter inside the body then it causes symptoms like; pallor, gastric disturbance,

emaciation, sleepiness, abdomen distension, laziness, swelling, flatulence, dryness,

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confusion, unconsciousness and death also. Sushruta Samhita mentioned different Gana for antitoxic drugs like; Aaragwadhadi Gana, Arkadi Gana, Rodhradi Gana, Patoladi gana, Shyamadi Gana, Anjanadi Gana, Trapvadi Gana and Utpaladi gana. These antitoxic drugs offer therapeutic response when used either singly or in combination. Vishaghna Yogas such as; Siddhartakadi Gulika, Kshara agada, Maha agada, Ajita Agada, Ajeya Ghrita, Bilwadi Gulika, Dooshivishari Agada, Mandar Agada and Sanjeevana Agada, etc. are utilized for specific poisoning conditions. Similarly Chaturvishanti Vishopkrama is ayurveda concept involving procedure of poison treatment.

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